Amendment Dated: March 6, 2009

Response to Official Action Dated: November 10, 2008

Application Serial No. 10/572,722

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please delete the paragraph before the paragraph beginning on page 10, line 18 which reads:

Figure 1c: is an exploded view of the cable gripping means as shown in Figure 1a.

Please delete the paragraph before the paragraph beginning on page 11, line 5 which reads:

Figure 6c and 6d: are schematic diagrams as shown in Figures 6a and 6b.

Please amend the paragraph beginning on page 11, line 2 to read as follows:

Figure 6a is a <u>cross sectional schematic</u> plan view of <u>bar member of</u> the cable <u>routing gripping</u> means of Figure 5 when in a first non cable gripping orientation with the path of the cable indicated by arrow Y;

Please amend the paragraph beginning on page 11, line 4 to read as follows:

Figure 6b is a <u>cross sectional schematic</u> plan view illustrating the rotation through which the cable routing means of Figure 6a moves to a second cable gripping orientation with the path of the cable indicated by arrow Y;

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Please amend the paragraph beginning on page 16, line 4 to read as follows:

Alternatively, in an alternative embodiment of the impact head 100 as

illustrated in Figures 3, 4, 5, 6a, and 6b, 6c and 6d a bar member 25 can be provided with

a cable entry port or ports P1, P2 adapted to receive and allow at least one cable to pass

directly there through, when said bar member is in a first non-cable-gripping orientation

26. Subsequently, upon rotation of the bar member about its longitudinal axis

(substantially perpendicular to the cables length) through at least 90°, a second cable-

gripping orientation 27 is reached. Advantageously, the bar member may be secured in

the second orientation by locking means (not shown), such as by bolts or screws. The

rotation of the bar member 25 from said first orientation to the second orientation ensures

that the at least one cable follows a tortuous pathway. The rotation of the bar member 25

may be undertaken, for example by a crow bar inserted into a slot, S1, and then an

angular or rotational force applied. This is illustrated clearly in the schematic drawings of

Figures 6e-6a and 6d-6b where the bar 25 rotates about pivot point 200 in the direction of

arrow X to form the tortuous path.

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